

Turfschipper 114 | 2292 JB Wateringen | Tel. +31 (0)174 272330 | www.catec.nl | info@catec.nl

MEETINSTRUMENTATIE



# Features

Apogee offers **silicon-cell** and **thermopile** pyranometers that are both rated ISO 9060:2018 Class C. Our popular silicon-cell models are less expensive and have a faster response time, but can have errors under cloudy conditions. Our thermopile pyranometers feature a unique, costeffective design with an inexpensive diffuser and blackbody thermopile detector that provides a broader and more uniform spectral response for better performance in all atmospheric conditions.

# **STABLE MEASUREMENTS**

Long-term non-stability determined from multiple replicate pyranometers in accelerated aging tests and field conditions is less than 2 % per year.

# **UNIQUE DESIGN**

An accurate, cosine-corrected patented design sheds water and dirt for a self-cleaning performance. A heated option is available with a 0.2 W heater to minimize errors caused by dew, frost, or snow.

# **TYPICAL APPLICATIONS**

- Solar panel arrays
- Agricultural, ecological, and hydrological weather networks

# **CALIBRATION TRACEABILITY**

Apogee SP series pyranometers are calibrated through side-by-side comparison to the mean of four transfer standard sensors under a reference lamp. The reference sensors are recalibrated under sunlight in Logan, UT traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).







# **Product Specifications**

	SP-510-SS	SP-610-SS					
ISO 9060:2018	Class C	N/A					
Sensitivity (variable from sensor to sensor, typical values listed)	0.057 mV per W m <sup>-2</sup>	0.15 mV per W m <sup>-2</sup>					
Calibration Factor (reciprocal of sensitivity) (variable from sensor to sensor, typical values listed)	20 W m <sup>-2</sup> per mV	6.7 W m <sup>-2</sup> per mV					
Calibration Uncertainty	± 5 %						
Output Range	0 to 114 mV	0 to 300 mV					
Measurement Range	0 to 2000 W m <sup>-2</sup> (net shortwave radiation)						
Measurement Repeatability	Less than 1 %						
Long-term Drift	Less than 2 % per year						
Non-linearity	Less than 1 %						
Detector Response Time	0.	0.5 s					
Field of View	180°	150°					
Spectral Range (50 % points)	385 nm to 2105 nm	295 nm to 2685 nm					
Directional (Cosine) Response	Less than 30 W $m^{\text{-2}}$ at 80° solar zenith	Less than 20 % for angles between 0 and 60°					
Temperature Response	Less than 5 % from -15 to 45 C						
Zero Offset A	Less than 5 W m <sup>-2</sup> ; Less than 10 W m <sup>-2</sup> (heated)						
Zero Offset B	Less than 5 W $m^{-2}$						
Uncertainty with Daily Total	Less than 5 %						
Operating Environment	-50 to 80 C; 0 to 100% relative humidity						
Heater	780 $\Omega$ , 15.4 mA current draw and 185 mW power requirement at 12 V DC						
Dimensions	28.7 mm height, 23.5 mm diameter						
Mass	90 g	100 g					
Cable	5 m of four conductor, shielded, twisted-pair wire; additional cable available in multiples of 5 m; TPR jacket (high water resistance, high UV stability, flexibility in cold conditions); pigtail lead wires						
Warranty	4 years against defects in materials and workmanship						



# SILICON-CELL PYRANOMETERS

1.2

SP-100, SP-200, & SP-400 Series



Made in USA

# Spectral Response

Accurate and stable global shortwave (solar) radiation measurement

# **Output Options**

- 0 to 350 mV
- 0 to 5 V
- USBModbus
- 4 to 20 mASDI-12

• 0 to 2.5 V

or hand-held meter





Spectral response estimate of Apogee silicon-cell pyranometers.

Product Specifications	

	SP-110-SS	SP-212-SS	SP-214-SS	SP-215-SS	SP-230-SS	SP-420	SP-421-SS	SP-422-SS		
ISO 9060:2018	Class C									
Power Supply	Self-powered	3.3 to 24 V DC	7 to 24 V DC	5.5 to 24 V DC	12 V DC for heater	5 V	5.5 TO 24 V DC			
Current Draw	-	10 μΑ	22 mA maximum, 2 mA quiescent	10 μΑ	15.4 mA	61 mA when logging	0.6 mA (quiescent); 1.3 mA (active)	20 mA maximum		
Output (sensitivity)	0.2 mV per W m⁻²	1.25 mV per W m⁻²	0.008 mA per W m⁻²	2.5 mV per W m⁻²	0.2 mV per W m <sup>-2</sup>	USB	SDI-12	Modbus		
Calibration Factor (reciprocal of output)	5 W m⁻² per mV	0.8 W m <sup>-2</sup> per mV	125 W m⁻² per mA, 4 mA offset	0.4 W m <sup>-2</sup> per mV	5 W m <sup>-2</sup> per mV	Custom for each sensor and stored in firmware				
Calibration Uncertainty	± 5 %									
Measurement Repeatability	Less than 1 %									
Long-term Drift	Less than 2 % per year									
Non-linearity	Less than 1 % up to 2000 W m <sup>-2</sup>									
Response Time	Less than 1 ms Software updates every second Less than 0.6 s 32							320 ms		
Field of View	180°									
Spectral Range	360 to 1120 nm									
Directional (Cosine) Response	± 5 % at 75° zenith angle									
Temperature Response	0.04 ± 0.04 % per C									
Operating Environment	-40 to 70 C; 0 to 100 % relative humidity; can be submerged in water up to 30 m									
Dimensions	24 mm diameter, 33 mm height		30.5 mm diameter, 37 mm height		24 mm diameter, 33 mm height	30.5 mm diameter, 37 mm height				
Mass (with 5 m of cable)	90 g		140	140 g		90 g	140 g			
Cable	5 m of shielded, twisted-pair wire; TPR jacket (high water resistance, high UV stability, flexibility in cold conditions); pigtail lead wires									
Warranty	4 years against defects in materials and workmanship									

# **Dimensions**

#### Thermopile Models



# SP-420 USB

Sensor connects to computers and tablets via USB using ApogeeConnect software for Widows and Mac for data logging, graphs, calibration, real-time PPFD readings, and storing downloadable CSV files for further analysis. Sensor can also store 10,000 measurements internally while connected to a stand-alone 5 V DC USB "always-on" power source.

# SP-421 SDI-12

Uses the SDI-12 communication protocol, which is low-power and has the ability to connect multiple sensors to one long bus cable making them ideal for remote locations. Cables only have 3 conductors including a serial data line, a ground, and a 12-volt line. Complex self-calibration algorithms are done in an internal microprocessor making the sensors compatible with a wide variety of data recorders.

# SP-422 Modbus

The SP-422 outputs a digital signal using Modbus RTU digital signal over RS-232 or RS-485, based on wiring configuration. Modbus is open protocol and used by many manufacturers in many industries. Apogee Modbus Sensor Communication Defaults: Modbus RTU Slave address: 0x1 Baudrate: 115200 Data bits: 8 Stop bits: 1 Parity: None Byte order: Big Endian (most significant Byte sent first) \*User configurable values include the baudrate and slave address.

